

- 1. The Fall of Jerusalem (70)
- 2. The Council of Nicaea (325)
- 3. The Council of Chalcedon (451)
- 4. Benedict's Rule (530)
- 5. The Coronation of Charlemagne (800)
- 6. The Great Schism (1054)
- 7. The Diet of Worms (1521)
- 8. The English Act of Supremacy (1534)
- 9. The Founding of the Jesuits (1540)
- 10. The Conversion of the Wesleys (1738)
- 11. The French Revolution (1789)
- 12. The Edinburgh Missionary Conference (1910)
- 13. The Second Vatican Council (1962–65)

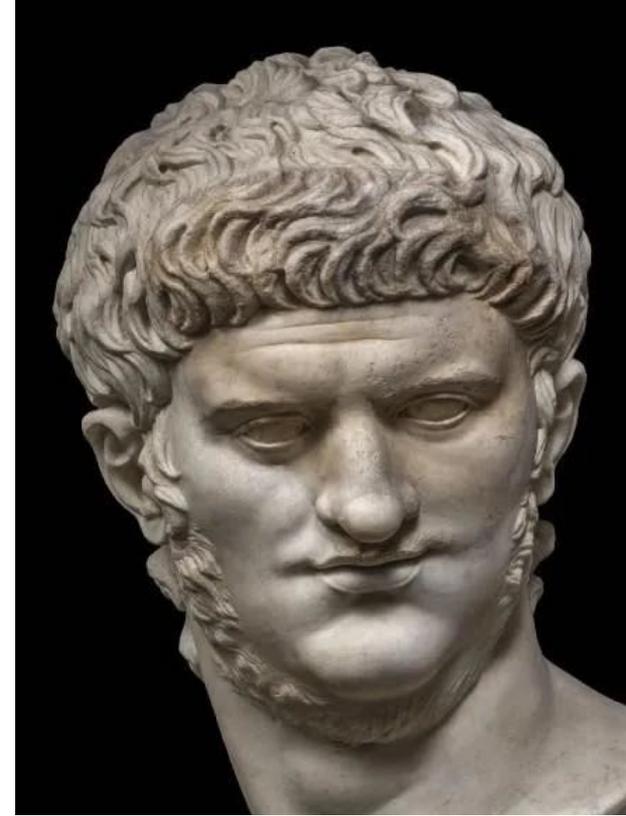
# Fall of Jerusalem

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Mt. 24:1-2 Jesus left the temple and was going away, when his disciples came to point out to him the buildings of the temple. But he answered them, *You see all these, do you not? Truly, I say to you, there will not be left here one stone upon another that will not be thrown down.*

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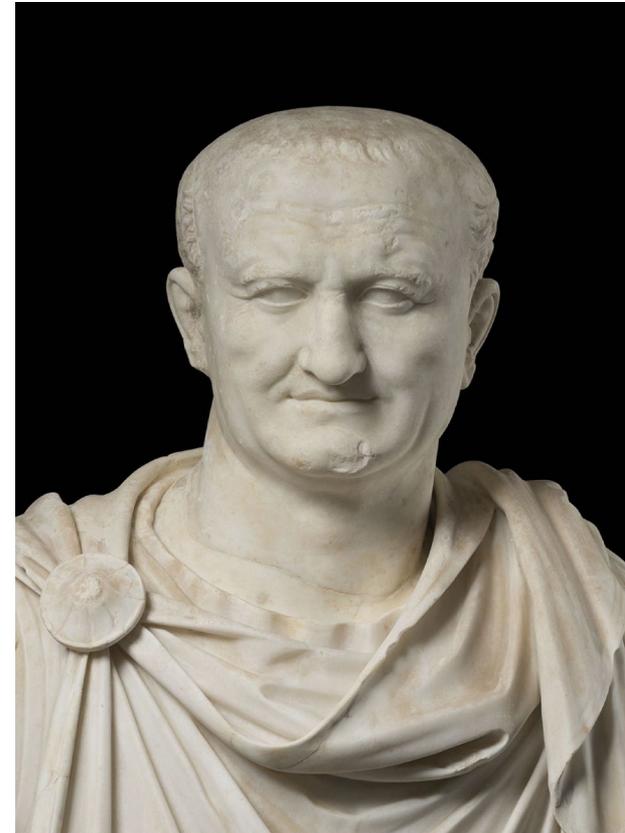
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      - emperor, at age 18
      - first emperor to persecute Christians
      - likely murdered his mother, wife, step-brother



**1Pet. 2:13 Be subject for the Lord's sake to every human institution, whether it be to the emperor as supreme . . .**

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Num. 25:10-13 And the LORD said to Moses, “Phinehas the son of Eleazar, son of Aaron the priest, has turned back my wrath from the people of Israel, in that he was jealous with my jealousy among them, so that I did not consume the people of Israel in my jealousy. Therefore say, ‘Behold, I give to him my covenant of peace, and it shall be to him and to his descendants after him the covenant of a perpetual priesthood, because he was jealous for his God and made atonement for the people of Israel.’”

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Acts 5:37 After him Judas the Galilean rose up in the days of the census and drew away some of the people after him. He too perished, and all who followed him were scattered.

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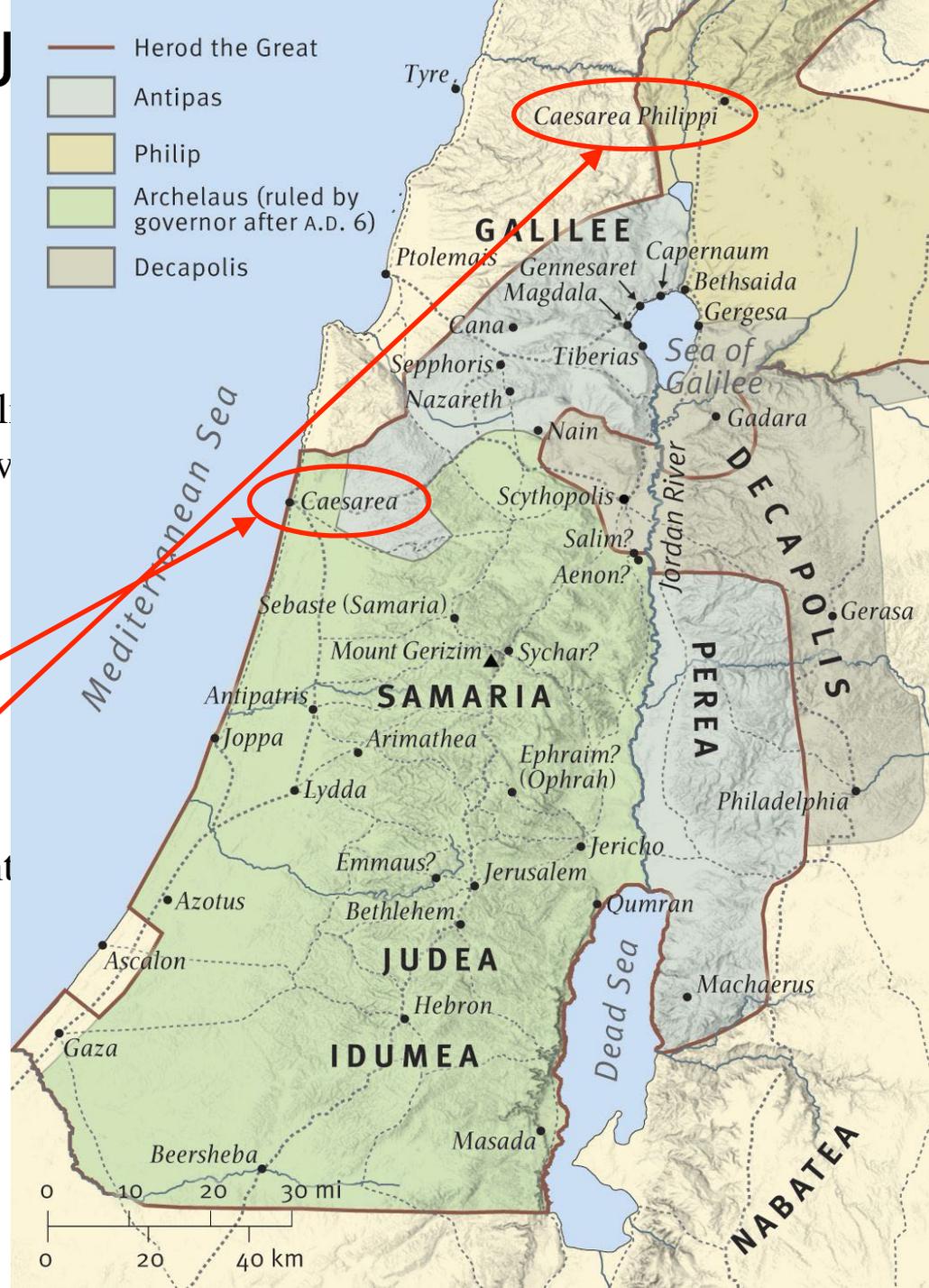
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Mt. 16:13 Now when Jesus came into the district of **Caesarea Philippi**, he asked his disciples, “Who do people say that the Son of Man is?”

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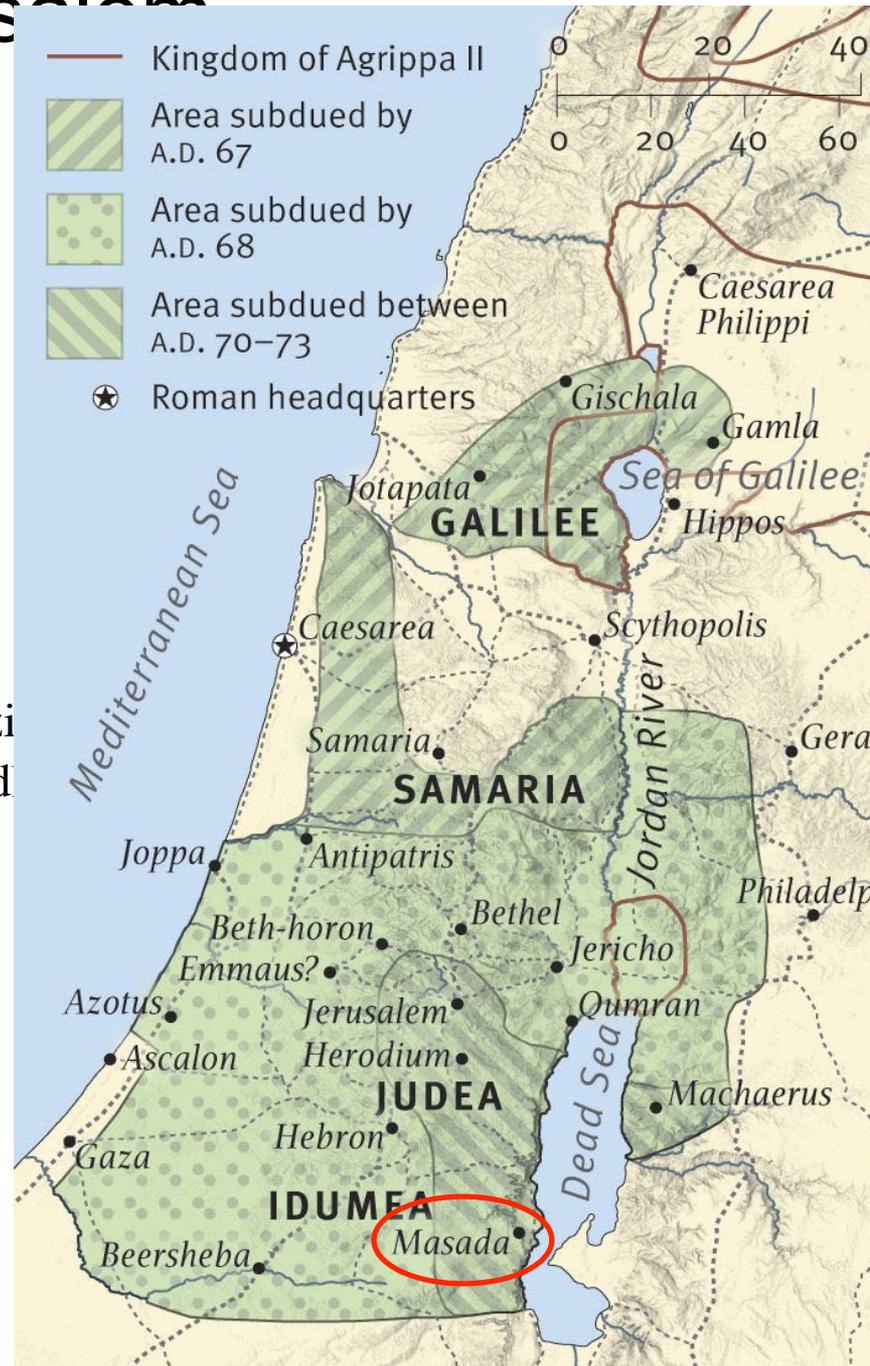
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Map 3. Centres of Jewish population in the Herodian period

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